Analyzing the Impact of Mobility in Ad Hoc Networks

Vincent Lenders, Jorg Wagner, Martin Ray Computer Engineering and Networks Laboratory ETH Zurich

> REALMAN 2006 May 26, 2006 Florence Italy

Motivation

- Do DSR and AODV consider user mobilities?
- Link and route lifetime distributions vs. mobility
- Link breakage due to:
 - Node mobility
 - Collision/Interference
- Better understanding the impact of the two contributors will help design better MAC and routing protocols!

Related Work

- Random
 - Random waypoint mobility model: individual
 - Johnson96
 - Random reference point group mobility model
 - Hong99
- Deterministic
 - ??
- Question: realistic or synthetic?

Goals

- Investigate how realistic the two popular modes are
- Gather real mobility data set
 - 20 PDAs in ad hoc mode
 - Faculty, students, and staff members at ETH
 - A week (10:00am 5:00pm)
 - Move arbitrarily
 - Analyze connectivity, the lifetime distribution of wireless links and routes between any pairs

Connectivity Model

- Each node periodically broadcasts
- Each node counts received packets from any other nodes
- 50% or more reception is considered "alive"
- Other definitions of "alive" are possible

CDFs of Empirical Overall Link and Route Residual lifetime



Failure Model



Formulation

Probability that the residual lifetime is less than t



Probability that the lifetime of a route is shorter than 5 minutes



CDF of conditional residual link lifetime



Link residual lifetime with random waypoint mobility model



Link residual lifetime with random reference point group mobility model

